These tables show only the drinking water contaminants that were *detected* during the most recent sampling for each constituent. The State Water Resources Control Board allows us to monitor for certain contaminants less than once per year because the concentrations of these contaminants do not change frequently. Some of the data, though representative of the water quality, are more than one year old. Any violation of an AL, MCL, MRDL, or TT is asterisked and explained below.

TABLE 1 - SAMPLING RESULTS SHOWING THE DETECTION OF COLIFORM BACTERIA										
Microbiological Contaminants	Highest No. of detections	No. of months in violation	MCL			MCLG	Typical Source of Bacteria			
Total Coliform Bacteria (state Total Coliform Rule)	(in a month) O	0	1 positive monthly sample (a)			0	Naturally present in the environment			
Fecal Coliform or <i>E. coli</i> (state Total Coliform Rule)	(in the year) O	0	A routine sample and a repeat sample are total coliform positive, and one of these is also fecal coliform or <i>E. coli</i> positive				Human and animal fecal waste			
<i>E. coli</i> (federal Revised Total Coliform Rule)	(in the year) O	0	(b)		0	Human and animal fecal waste				
(a) Two or more posit	tive monthly sam	ples is a violation	of the MCL							
		otal coliform-positi analyze total colifo					e repeat samples following <i>E. coli</i> -positive			
	TABLE 2 - SA	MPLING RESUL	TS SHOWIN	G THE [DETECT	ION OF LEAD A	ND COPPER			
Lead and Copper	No. of samples collected	90 th percentile level detected	No. sites exceeding AL	AL	PHG	No. of schools requesting lead sampling	Typical Source of Contaminant			
Lead (ppb) 2019	5	ND	None	15	0.2	None	Internal corrosion of household water plumbing systems; discharges from industrial manufacturers; erosion of natural deposits			
Copper (ppm) 2019	5	ND	None	1.3	0.3	Not Applicable	Internal corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives			

* If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Gran Mutual Water Company is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (1-800-426-4701) or at http://www.epa.gov/lead.

	TABLE 3	3 - SAMPLING F	RESULTS FOF	SODIUM AN		SS
Chemical or Constituent (and reporting units)	Sample Date	Level Detected	Range of Detections	MCL	PHG (MCLG)	Typical Source of Contaminant
Sodium (ppm)	2019	6.6	6.3 - 6.9	none	none	Salt present in the water and is generally naturally occurring
Hardness (ppm)	2019	110	108 - 112	none	none	Sum of polyvalent cations present in the water, generally magnesium and calcium, and are usually naturally occurring
TABLE 4	- DETECTION	OF CONTAMIN	ANTS WITH A	<u>PRIMARY</u> D	RINKING W	ATER STANDARD
Chemical or Constituent (and reporting units)	Sample Date	Level Detected	Range of Detections	MCL [MRDL]	PHG (MCLG) [MRDLG]	Typical Source of Contaminant
		None Detected				
TABLE 5 -	DETECTION O	F CONTAMINAI	NTS WITH A S	ECONDARY	DRINKING	WATER STANDARD
Chemical or Constituent (and reporting units)	Sample Date	Level Detected	Range of Detections	SMCL	PHG (MCLG)	Typical Source of Contaminant
Total Dissolved Solids (ppm)	2019	165	161 - 169	1000	N/A	Runoff/leaching from natural deposits
Specific Conductance (µS/cm)	2019	249	243 - 255	1600	N/A	Substances that form ions when in water seawater influence
Chloride (ppm)	2019	1.8	1.7 - 1.8	500	N/A	Runoff/leaching from natural deposits; seawater influence
Sulfate (ppm)	2019	1.8	1.8 - 1.9	500	N/A	Runoff/leaching from natural deposits; industrial wastes
	TABLE	E 6 - DETECTIOI	N OF UNREG	ULATED CON	TAMINANTS	3
Chemical or Constituent (and reporting units)	Sample Date	Level Detected	Range of Detections	Notification Level	Health Effects Language	